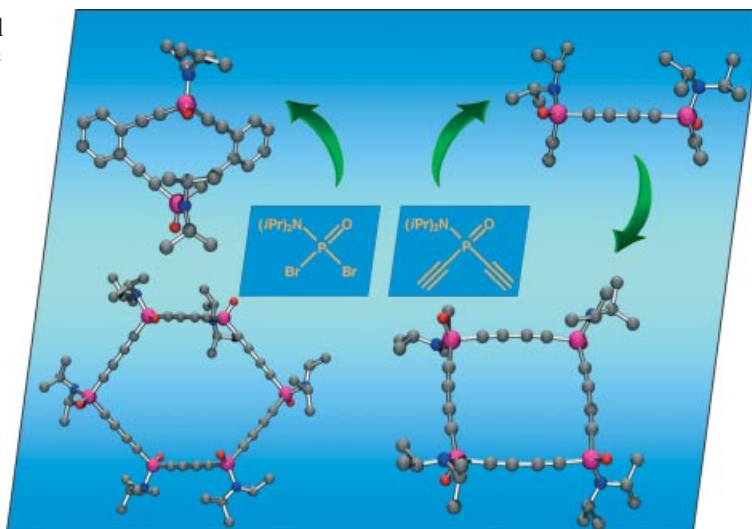




The EUChemSoc Societies have taken the significant step into the future by merging their traditional journals, to form two leading chemistry journals, the *European Journal of Inorganic Chemistry* and the *European Journal of Organic Chemistry*. Three further EUChemSoc Societies (Austria, Czech Republic and Sweden) are Associates of the two journals.

COVER PICTURE

The cover picture shows the synthesis of three novel phosphorus-based macrocycles with acetylenic scaffolds from simple and accessible building blocks. The 14-membered macrocycle was obtained as *cis* and *trans* isomers from cyclization of diisopropylphosphoramidic dibromide and 1,2-bis(ethynyl)benzene. The four- and six-edged macrocycles in which the $i\text{Pr}_2\text{NP}(\text{O})$ units are connected through 1,3-butadiyne rods were obtained after multiple acetylene coupling reactions under oxidative Hay conditions starting from the diethynylphosphinic amide building block. Further details are discussed in the article by K. Lammertsma et al. on p. 2405 ff.



CONTENTS

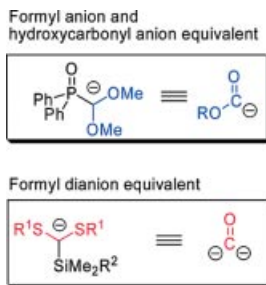
MICROREVIEW

Synthetic Methods

A. Kirschning,* C. Kujat, S. Luiken,
E. Schaumann 2387–2400

Small and Versatile – Formyl Anion and
Dianion Equivalents

Keywords: Asymmetric synthesis / Carb-
anions / Formyl anions / Homolo-
gations / Umpolung



Lithiated (dimethoxymethyl)diphenylphos-
phane oxide is an ideal formyl anion
equivalent for the asymmetric formylation
of aldehydes, whereas the silyl-substituted
carbanion may be looked upon as a latent
dianion that can react either with two elec-
trophiles or with bis-electrophiles, prefera-
bly with epoxides or epoxides carrying a
remote leaving group.

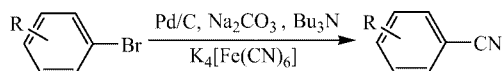
SHORT COMMUNICATION

Pd/C-Catalyzed Cyanation

Y.-Z. Zhu, C. Cai* 2401–2404

Pd/C: A Recyclable Catalyst for Cyanation
of Aryl Bromides

Keywords: Cyanation / Heterogeneous
catalysis / Potassium hexacyanoferrate(II) /
Palladium / Aryl cyanides



Aryl cyanides have been prepared from the
corresponding aryl bromides with potas-
sium hexacyanoferrate(II) using Pd/C as a
catalyst. The addition of Bu₃N is the key
factor in obtaining the corresponding aryl

cyanides. The catalyst can be recycled by
filtration and washing sequences, making
the method attractive for industrial appli-
cations.

FULL PAPERS

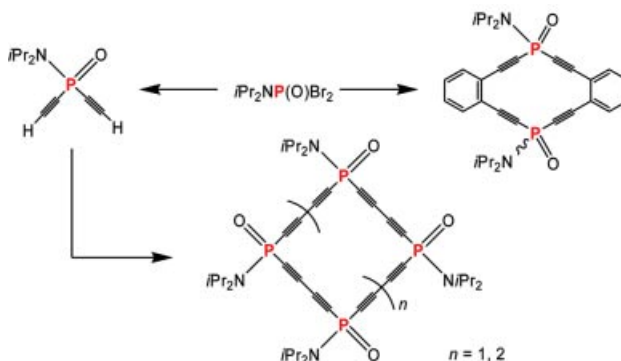
Phosphorus Acetylene Macrocycles

S. G. A. van Assema, G. B. de Jong,
A. W. Ehlers, F. J. J. de Kanter,
M. Schakel, A. L. Spek, M. Lutz,
K. Lammertsma* 2405–2412



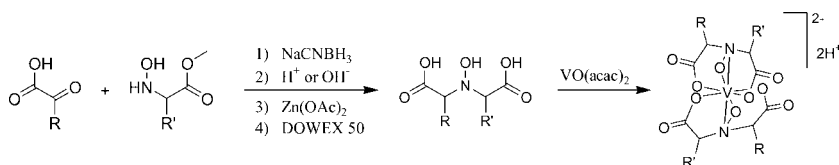
Acetylene-Substituted Phosphane Oxides:
Building Blocks for Macrocycles

Keywords: Phosphorus heterocycles /
Alkynes / Macrocycles / Cross-coupling /
Phosphanes



The synthesis of novel phosphorus- and
acetylene-based macrocycles has been

explored through Grignard and acetylene
coupling reactions.



Secondary *N*-hydroxy amino acids have been synthesized through a strategy with nitron reduction as its key step. The

products are amavadin-related ligands, and their complexation with vanadium has been investigated.

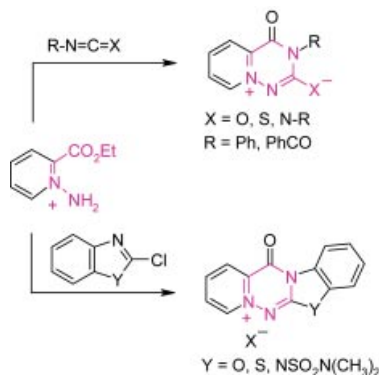
**T. Hubregtse, U. Hanefeld,
I. W. C. E. Arends*** 2413–2422

Stabilizing Factors for Vanadium(IV) in Amavadin

Keywords: Amavadin / Vanadium / Reductive hydroxylation / Hydroxylamines / Nitrones / Mass spectrometry

Mesomeric Betaines

A new example of the behaviour of *N*-aminides as 1,4-nucleophilic/electrophilic ylides is exemplified by reactions between 2-ethoxycarbonyl azinium salts and different types of reagents such as carbodiimides, benzoyliso(thio)cyanates and heterocyclic imidoyl chlorides to afford new heterobetaines containing the [1,2,4]-triazinium system.

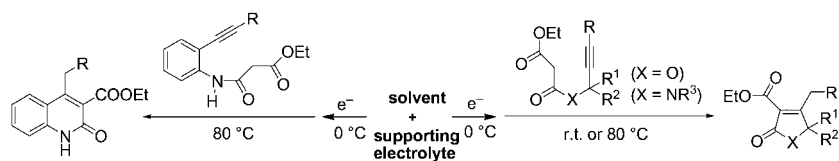


**J. Valenciano, E. Sánchez-Pavón,
A. M. Cuadro,* J. Alvarez-Builla,
J. J. Vaquero*** 2423–2429

New Fused Triazininium Systems from Alkoxy carbonyl azinium *N*-Aminides

Keywords: *N*-Aminides / 1,4-Dipole / Heterobetaines / Triazininium

Electrochemical Synthesis



A versatile alternative approach to the synthesis of butenolides, quinolones and 3-pyrrolin-2-ones has been achieved by galvanostatic electrolysis of MeCN/TEATFB

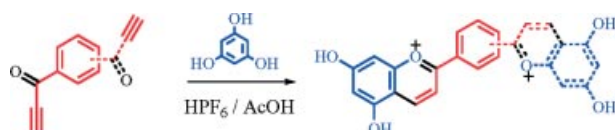
solutions and subsequent addition of the cathodic solution to alkynes bearing proximate malonyl moieties.

**A. Arcadi,* A. Inesi, F. Marinelli, L. Rossi,
M. Verdecchia** 2430–2437

An Electrochemical Alternative Approach to the Cyclization of Alkynes Bearing Proximate Malonyl Moieties

Keywords: Organic Electrosynthesis / Cyclization / Butenolides / Quinolones / 3-Pyrrolin-2-ones

Flavylium-Derived Pigments



Common 3-deoxyanthocyanidins and novel dicationic flavylium-benzopyrylium derivatives are easily and efficiently synthesized through reactions between the

corresponding phenols and aryl ethynyl ketones in the presence of aqueous hexafluorophosphoric acid.

**S. Chassaing,* M. Kueny-Stotz,
G. Isorez, R. Brouillard** 2438–2448

Rapid Preparation of 3-Deoxyanthocyanidins and Novel Dicationic Derivatives: New Insight into an Old Procedure

Keywords: Oxygen heterocycles / Ketones / Dyes / Pigments / Natural products / Synthetic method

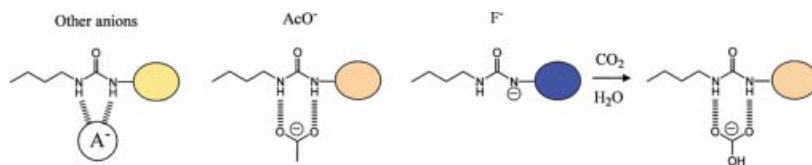
CONTENTS

Anion Chemosensors

J. V. Ros-Lis, R. Martínez-Máñez,*
F. Sancenón, J. Soto, K. Rurack,*
H. Weißhoff 2449–2458

Signalling Mechanisms in Anion-Responsive Push-Pull Chromophores: The Hydrogen-Bonding, Deprotonation and Anion-Exchange Chemistry of Functionalized Azo Dyes

Keywords: Chromophores / Dyes/Pigments / Chemosensors / Gas sensors / Carbon dioxide



A family of azo dyes containing amide, urea, thiourea, carbamate or amino hydrogen-bond donating groups were synthesized and their chromogenic response toward anions was studied. Two different effects were observed; (i) bathochromic shifts of

<40 nm due to anion coordination, and (ii) red shifts of ca. 200 nm due to deprotonation. This behaviour is associated with a balance between the deprotonation tendency of the binding sites and the proton affinities of the anions.

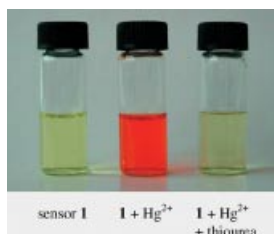
Sensors

Y. Fu, H. Li,* W. Hu* 2459–2463



Small Molecular Chromogenic Sensors for Hg^{2+} : A Strong “Push-Pull” System Exists after Binding

Keywords: Chemosensors / Mercury / Molecular recognition / Push-pull effects



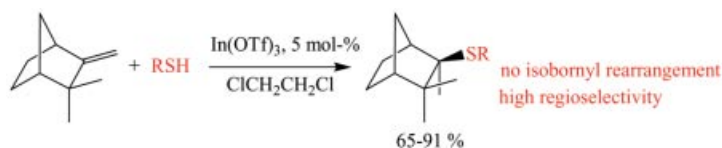
Chromogenic mercury sensors based on structure-simple, electron-rich compounds and metal-induced charge-transfer effects are described.

Lewis Acid Catalysis

M. Weíwer, X. Chaminade, J. C. Bayón,
E. Duñach* 2464–2469

Indium Triflate-Catalysed Addition of Thio Compounds to Camphene: A Novel Route to 2,3,3-Trimethyl-2-thiobicyclo-[2.2.1]heptane Derivatives

Keywords: Indium triflate / Camphene / Thioacetylation / Hydrothiolation / Rearrangement



Efficient functionalisation of camphene by S-nucleophiles with the aid of indium(III) triflate catalysis, with suppression of the

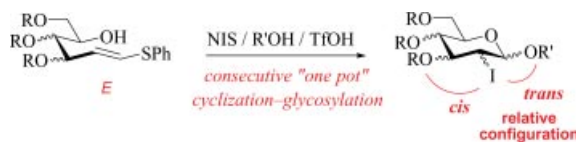
classical bicycle rearrangement to isobornane structures.

Deoxyglycoside Synthesis

M. A. Rodríguez, O. Bouteira,
M. I. Matheu, Y. Díaz,*
S. Castellón* 2470–2476

Stereoselective Synthesis of 2-Deoxyglycosides from Sulfanyl Alkenes by Consecutive “One Pot” Cyclization and Glycosylation Reactions

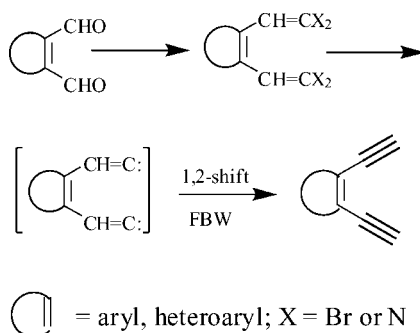
Keywords: Glycosylation / Cyclization / Carbohydrates / Glycosides / Oligosaccharides



2-Deoxy-2-iodopyranosides were synthesized from sulfanyl alkenes using a “one pot” consecutive cyclization–glycosylation

process. Sulfanyl alkenes of all configurations were used as starting materials.

The synthesis of arenediynes from arene-1,2-dicarbaldehydes and bis(dibromomethyl) or bis(diazo) compounds is reported. Deuterium-labeling experiments established the predominance of alkylidenecarbenes in the case of tetrabromides. The scope of this novel method was extended to the synthesis of various heteroatom-based (S, Se, and P) enediynes by quenching the acetylides with suitable electrophiles.

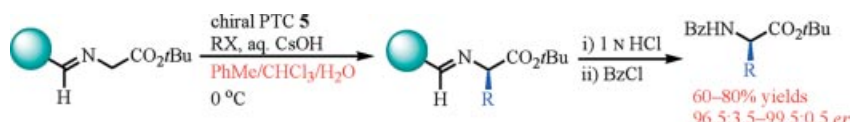


B. Sahu, R. Muruganantham, I. N. N. Nambuthiri* 2477–2489

Synthetic and Mechanistic Investigations on the Rearrangement of 2,3-Unsaturated 1,4-Bis(alkylidene)carbenes to Enediynes

Keywords: Vinylidenecarbene / Enediyne / Corey–Fuchs reaction / Bestmann–Ohira reagent / Enynes / Rearrangement

Solid-Phase PTC



Solvent effects in the enantioselective catalytic-phase-transfer alkylation of polymer-supported glycine–imine *tert*-butyl esters to afford (*R*)- α -amino acid derivatives are

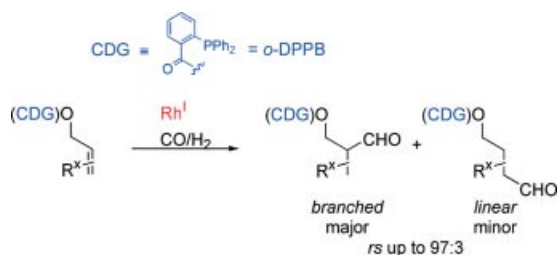
described. The chemical yields and enantioselectivities were found to be dramatically dependent upon the ratio of water to organic solvent.

M.-J. Kim, S.-s. Jew, H.-g. Park,* B.-S. Jeong* 2490–2496

Solvent Effects in the Enantioselective Catalytic-Phase-Transfer Alkylation of Polymer-Supported Glycine–Imine *tert*-Butyl Ester: Asymmetric Solid-Phase Synthesis of (*R*)- α -Amino Acid Derivatives

Keywords: Phase-transfer catalysis / Solid-phase synthesis / Solvent effects / α -Amino acids

Homogeneous Catalysis



Branched-regioselective and position-selective hydroformylation of allylic alcohol systems can be accomplished with mono-, di-, and trisubstituted alkene

functions by employing the catalyst-directing *o*-DPPB group (CDG = catalyst-directing group).

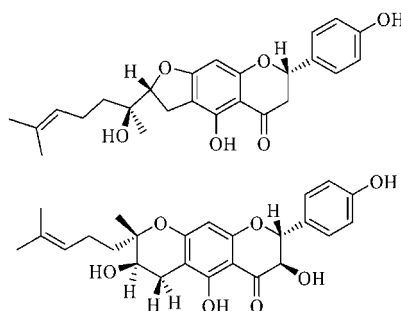
B. Breit,* C. U. Grünanger, O. Abillard 2497–2503

Directed Branched-Regioselective Hydroformylation of 2-Substituted Allylic *o*-DPPB Esters

Keywords: Homogeneous catalysis / Hydroformylation / C–C coupling / Catalyst-directing group

Geranylated Flavonoids

Two new cyclized *C*-geranylated flavonoids were isolated as minor compounds from the aerial parts of *Bonannia graeca* (Umbelliferae). The structures were elucidated by a combined approach of spectroscopic and quantum mechanical methods.



S. Rosselli, M. Bruno,* A. Maggio, G. Bellone, C. Formisano, C. A. Mattia, S. Di Micco, G. Bifulco* 2504–2510

Two New Flavonoids from *Bonannia graeca*: a DFT-NMR Combined Approach in Solving Structures

Keywords: Umbelliferae / *Bonannia graeca* / Geranylated flavonoids / DFT

Peptidomimetics

β-Lactam Chemistry

$R = H, (R)CH_3CHOTBS$
 $X = Br, Cl, I, NO_2$

bonds of 4-alkylidenazetidinones is reported. Optimised procedures give chloro, bromo, iodo and nitro derivatives.

Chemical reaction scheme showing the conversion of a bicyclic alcohol to a bicyclic alkene. The starting material is a bicyclic compound with a hydroxyl group (HO), a bromine atom (Br), and a trimethylsilyloxy group (OTBS). It undergoes a dehydration reaction to form a bicyclic alkene with a bromine atom (Br) and an OTBS group.

Bromoallylic alcohols were transformed diastereoselectively into the respective vinyl bromides in a sequence of reactions involving the following key steps: (1) the Mitsunobu inversion using 1,3-benzothiazol-2-yl sulfide, (2) cleavage of 1,3-benzothiazol-2-yl sulfides (or the respective sulfones) and (3) fragmentation of allylsulfinic acids.

Eur. J. Org. Chem. **2007**, 2379–2384